## Houston Community College System HCCS CHEM 1305 Exam III, Chapters 8-11 Spring Semester 2017

| Student Name:  | Student ID #  |    |
|--|---|----|
| Instructor: Dr. Emad Akeer                           |   |    |
| MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that be  | st completes the statement or answers the question. |    |
| 3 Points each  |   |    |
| 1) Which of the following is equal to 1.00 mole of s | ubstance?   | 1) |
| A) 6.02 x $10^{23}$ sodium iodide formula units, N   | JaI   |    |
| B) $6.02 \times 10^{23}$ sodium atoms. Na            |   |    |
| C) 6.02 x $10^{23}$ iodine molecules 12              |   |    |
| D) all of the above                                  |   |    |
| E) none of the above                                 |   |    |
| 2) What is the molar mass of aspirin, C9H8O4?        |   | 2) |
| A) 116.08 g/mol                                      |   |    |
| B) 29.02 g/mol                                       |   |    |
| C) 252.25 g/mol                                      |   |    |
| D) 244.17 g/mol                                      |   |    |
| E) 180.17 g/mol                                      |   |    |
| 3) Which of the following gases occupies 22.4 L at 5 | STP?  | 3) |
| A) 1 mol nitrogen, N2                                |   |    |
| B) 1 mol of oxygen, O <sub>2</sub>                   |   |    |
| C) 1 mol hydrogen, H2                                |   |    |
| D) all of the above                                  |   |    |
| E) none of the above                                 |   |    |
| 4) How many moles of chlorine gas react with 1 me    | ol of hydrogen gas according to the balanced        | 4) |
| chemical equation?                                   |   |    |
| $H_2(g) + Cl_2(g) \rightarrow 2 HCl(g)$              |   |    |
| A) 3 mol   |   |    |
| B) 1 mol   |   |    |
| C) 4 mol $D$ 2 mol                                   |   |    |
| D) 2 III01<br>E) pope of the above                   |   |    |
| E) none of the above                                 |   |    |
| 5) Which of the following is an observed property    | of gases?   | 5) |
| A) gases have a variable shape                       |   |    |
| B) gases expand uniformly                            |   |    |
| C) gases mix uniformly                               |   |    |
| D) gases compress uniformly                          |   |    |

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| 6) Which of the following   | z does <i>not</i> express standard atmospheric pressure?  | 6)  |
| A) 29.9 in Hg               | Jerren I erren er er er er                                |     |
| B) 760 cm Hg                |   |     |
| C) 14.7  psi                |   |     |
| D) 760 torr                 |   |     |
| D) 760  torr                |   |     |
| E) 101 KPa                  |   |     |
| 7) If a gas pressure gauge  | a reads 15 mm Hg, what is the pressure in atmospheres?    | 7)  |
| A) 1100 atm                 | B) 11 000 atm $(C)$ 15 atm $(D)$ 0.20 atm $(E)$ 0.020 atm | /)  |
| A) 1100 aun                 | D = 0.20  atm $D = 0.20  atm$ $D = 0.020  atm$            |     |
| 8) Which of the following   | g increases the pressure of a gas?                        | 8)  |
| A) increasing tempe         | Prature   | ,   |
| B) decreasing the vo        | blume   |     |
| C increasing the nu         | imber of molecules  |     |
| D) all of the above         |   |     |
| E) none of the above        | ٥   |     |
|                             |   |     |
| 9) If the temperature of a  | liquid increases, what happens to its vapor pressure?     | 9)  |
| A) decreases                |   | ,   |
| B) remains constant         |   |     |
| C) uppredictable            |   |     |
| D) increases                |   |     |
| E) none of the above        | ٥   |     |
| E) none of the above        |   |     |
| 10) What is the vapor pres  | ssure of water at 100 °C?                                 | 10) |
| A) 100 mm Hg                |   | ·   |
| B) 760 mm Hg                |   |     |
| C) 1 mm Hg                  |   |     |
| D) 76 mm Hg                 |   |     |
| E) none of the above        | e   |     |
| ,                           |   |     |
| 11) Which of the following  | g is true according to the kinetic theory of gases?       | 11) |
| A) Molecules have e         | elastic collisions.                                       |     |
| B) Molecules move           | randomly.   |     |
| C) Molecules occup          | y negligible volume.                                      |     |
| D) all of the above         |   |     |
| E) none of the above        | e   |     |
|                             |   |     |
| 12) What is the temperatur  | re at which an ideal gas occupies zero volume?            | 12) |
| A) 273 °C                   |   |     |
| B) –273 °C                  |   |     |
| C) 273 K                    |   |     |
| D) –273 K                   |   |     |
| E) none of the above        | e   |     |
| 12) A J D - 1 - 1           |   | 12) |
| 13) According to Boyle's la | aw, what happens to a gas as the volume increases?        | 13) |
| A) The temperature          | increases.  |     |
| B) The temperature          | decreases.  |     |
| C) The pressure dec         | reases.   |     |
| D) The pressure inci        | reases.   |     |
| E) none of the above        | e   |     |

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| 14) If a helium l | balloon is placed in a cold freezer, what happens in the balloon?                         | 14)      |
| A) The te         | emperature increases and the volume decreases.  | <i>,</i> |
| B) The te         | emperature increases and the volume increases.  |          |
| C) The te         | emperature decreases and the volume decreases.  |          |
| D) The te         | emperature decreases and the volume increases.  |          |
| E) none c         | of the above  |          |
|                   |   |          |
| 15) If the partia | l pressure of oxygen gas in a blood capillary is 105 mm Hg, what is the pressure          | 15)      |
| expressed in      | n centimeters of mercury?   |          |
| A) 0.105 d        | cm Hg   |          |
| B) 105,00         | 0 cm Hg   |          |
| C) 10.5 cr        | m Hg  |          |
| D) 1,050 d        | cm Hg   |          |
| E) 1.05 cr        | m Hg  |          |
| 16) Which of th   | e following is an observed property of liquids?   | 16)      |
| A) Liquic         | Is flow readily   |          |
| B) Liquid         | ds are more dense than gases.   |          |
| C) Liquic         | ds do not compress or expand significantly  |          |
| D) Liquic         | Is have a variable shape and fixed volume   |          |
| E) all of t       | the above   |          |
| _)                |   |          |
| 17) If the molec  | cules in a liquid have a strong attraction for each other, which of the following         | 17)      |
| properties h      | nas a relatively low value?   |          |
| A) vapor          | pressure  |          |
| B) surfac         | re tension  |          |
| C) viscos         | ity   |          |
| D) boiling        | g point   |          |
| E) all of t       | the above   |          |
| 18) Consider th   | e following liquids with similar molar masses. Predict which liquid has the strongest     | 18)      |
| intermolecu       | Ilar attraction based on viscosity data.  | ,        |
| A) propio         | onic acid (viscosity @ 20 °C = $1.10$ centipoise)   |          |
| B) butyl a        | alcohol (viscosity @ 20 °C = 2.95 centipoise)   |          |
| C) ethyl e        | ether (viscosity @ 20 °C = 0.23 centipoise)   |          |
| D) propy          | l chloride (viscosity @ 20 °C = $0.35$ centipoise)  |          |
| E) ethyl f        | formate (viscosity @ 20 °C = 0.40 centipoise)   |          |
|                   |   |          |
| 19) Which of th   | e following is an observed property of solids?  | 19)      |
| A) Solids         | do not compress or expand significantly.  |          |
| B) Solids         | are usually more dense than liquids.  |          |
| C) Solids         | have a fixed shape and fixed volume.  |          |
| D) Solids         | can be crystalline or noncrystalline.   |          |
| E) all of t       | the above   |          |
| 20) Which of th   | e following types of crystalline solids have ions arranged in regular geometric patterns? | 20)      |
| A) molec          | ular  | ,        |
| B) metall         | lic   |          |
| C) ionic          |   |          |
| D) all of t       | the above   |          |
| E) none o         | of the above  |          |
|                   |   |          |

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|---|--|--|--------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| Points each                                     |  |  |                          |                        |            |
| 21) The formula for mu                          | ıstard gas used in ch                                  | nemical warfare is C                     | 4H8SCl2 (159.09 g/m      | ol). What is the       | 21)        |
| percentage of carbo                             | on in the compound?                                    | ?  |                          |                        |            |
| A) 5.08%  | B) 7.55%   | C) 44.57%                                | D) 20.16%                | E) 30.20%              |            |
| 22) If 0.500 mol of copp<br>copper sulfide proc | per combines with 0.<br>luct?                          | .250 mol of sulfur, w                    | hat is the empirical fo  | ormula of the          | 22)        |
| A) Cu5S5<br>B) CuS2                             |  |  |                          |                        |            |
| C) CubS   |  |  |                          |                        |            |
| C) $Cu_{25}$                                    |  |  |                          |                        |            |
| E) none of the at                               | pove   |  |                          |                        |            |
| 23) The taste of sour m                         | ilk is lactic acid. Wh                                 | at is the molecular f                    | ormula for lactic acid   | if the percent         | 23)        |
| composition is 40.0                             | 0% C. 6.71% H. 53.2                                    | 9% O, and the approx                     | oximate molar mass is    | s 90  g/mol?           | 20)        |
| A) C <sub>6</sub> HO <sub>8</sub>               | B) CHO <sub>2</sub>                                    | C) CHO                                   | D) CH <sub>2</sub> O     | E) C3H6O3              |            |
| 24) How many moles o                            | of water react with 0                                  | .500 mol of calcium                      | metal?                   |                        | 24)        |
|   |  |  |                          |                        | , <u> </u> |
| (s) + (a(s)) + (b(s))                           | $\underline{-H_2O(l)} \rightarrow \underline{-Ca(OH)}$ | $1)2(aq) +{H2}(g)$                       |                          |                        |            |
| A) 2.00 mol                                     |  |  |                          |                        |            |
| (C) 1.00  mol                                   |  |  |                          |                        |            |
| D) $0.500 \text{ mol}$                          |  |  |                          |                        |            |
| E) none of the at                               | OVe  |  |                          |                        |            |
| Ly none of the de                               |  |  |                          |                        |            |
| 25) What is the mass of                         | f aluminum metal th                                    | nat reacts to give 11.1                  | g of manganese met       | al?                    | 25)        |
| MnO2( <i>l</i> )                                | $+ \_Al(l) \xrightarrow{\Delta} \_M$                   | $n(l) + \_Al_2O_3(s)$                    |                          |                        |            |
| A) 4.09 g                                       | B) 8.18 g  | C) 5.45 g                                | D) 7.27 g                | E) 3.64 g              |            |
| 26) What is the volume                          | e of oxygen gas at ST                                  | P from the decompo                       | osition of 10.8 g of me  | ercuric oxide          | 26)        |
| (216.59 g/mol)?                                 | Δ  |  |                          |                        |            |
| $_HgO(s)$                                       | $\rightarrow$ _Hg(l) + _O <sub>2</sub>                 | <u>2(g)</u>                              |                          |                        |            |
| A) 1.12 L                                       | B) 209 L   | C) 2.23 L                                | D) 52.2 L                | E) 0.558 L             |            |
| 27) A sample of propar<br>cubic centimeters a   | ne gas occupies 625 o<br>t -80.0 °C and 750 to         | cm <sup>3</sup> at 20.0 °C and 7<br>orr? | 50 torr. What is the fi  | nal volume in          | 27)        |
| A) 2500 cm <sup>3</sup>                         | B) 156 cm <sup>3</sup>                                 | C) 519 cm <sup>3</sup>                   | D) 949 cm <sup>3</sup>   | E) 412 cm <sup>3</sup> |            |
| 28) A sample of xenon                           | gas at 786 mm Hg is                                    | s cooled from 100.0 °                    | °C to 50.0 °C. If the vo | lume remains           | 28)        |
| constant, what is th                            | e final pressure?                                      |  |                          |                        | /          |
| A) 908 mm Hg                                    | 1  |  |                          |                        |            |
| B) 1570 mm Hg                                   |  |  |                          |                        |            |
| C) 393 mm Hg                                    |  |  |                          |                        |            |
| D) 153 mm Hg                                    |  |  |                          |                        |            |
| E) 681 mm Hg                                    |  |  |                          |                        |            |

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29) How many moles of methane occupy a volume of 2.00 L at 50.0 °C and 0.500 atm? (R = 0.0821 atm 29) \_\_\_\_\_

•L/mol•K)

A) 4.11 mol B) 0.244 mol C) 0.0377 mol

D) 0.151 mol

E) 26.5 mol

| 30) Calculate the number of calories required to raise 10.0 g of water from 25.0 °C to 75.0 °C. The |  |
|---|--|
| specific heat of water is $1.00 \text{ cal/(g x °C)}$ .   |  |

30) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $5.00 \times 10^2$  cal B) 10.0 cal C) 50.0 cal D) 7.50 x 10<sup>2</sup> cal

E) 2.50 x 10<sup>2</sup> cal

Answer Key Testname: CHEM 1305 TEST I

1) D 2) E 3) D 4) B
5) E
6) B 7) E 8) D 9) D 10) B 11) D 12) B 13) C 14) C 15) C 16) E 17) A 18) B 19) E 20) C 21) E 22) C 23) E 24) C 25) D 26) E 27) E 28) E 29) C

30) A