

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 1) A molecule of water contains hydrogen and oxygen in a 1:8 ratio by mass. This is a statement of _____ 1) _____
- A) the law of constant composition
 - B) the law of multiple proportions
 - C) the law of conservation of energy
 - D) the law of conservation of mass
 - E) none of the above
- 2) Which pair of substances could be used to illustrate the law of multiple proportions? 2) _____
- A) NaCl, KCl
 - B) H₂O, O₂
 - C) CH₄, C₆H₁₂O₆
 - D) SO₂, H₂SO₄
 - E) CO, CO₂
- 3) The gold foil experiment performed in Rutherford's lab _____ 3) _____
- A) confirmed the plum-pudding model of the atom
 - B) utilized the deflection of beta particles by gold foil
 - C) led to the discovery of the atomic nucleus
 - D) proved the law of multiple proportions
 - E) was the basis for Thomson's model of the atom
- 4) Cathode rays are _____ 4) _____
- A) protons
 - B) x-rays
 - C) electrons
 - D) neutrons
 - E) atoms
- 5) Of the following, the smallest and lightest subatomic particle is the _____ 5) _____
- A) proton
 - B) alpha particle
 - C) nucleus
 - D) neutron
 - E) electron
- 6) All atoms of a given element have the same _____ 6) _____
- A) mass
 - B) density
 - C) number of protons
 - D) number of electrons and neutrons
 - E) number of neutrons
- 7) Which atom has the smallest number of neutrons? 7) _____
- A) fluorine-19
 - B) neon-20
 - C) carbon-14
 - D) oxygen-16
 - E) nitrogen-14

8) There are _____ electrons, _____ protons, and _____ neutrons in an atom of $^{132}_{54}\text{Xe}$. 8) _____

- A) 54, 54, 78
- B) 78, 78, 132
- C) 132, 132, 54
- D) 54, 54, 132
- E) 78, 78, 54

9) An atom of the most common isotope of gold, ^{197}Au , has _____ protons, _____ neutrons, and _____ electrons. 9) _____

- A) 197, 79, 118
- B) 79, 118, 118
- C) 79, 118, 79
- D) 79, 197, 197
- E) 118, 79, 39

10) Which isotope has 45 neutrons? 10) _____

- A) $^{80}_{35}\text{Br}$
- B) $^{80}_{36}\text{Kr}$
- C) $^{34}_{17}\text{Cl}$
- D) $^{103}_{45}\text{Rh}$
- E) $^{78}_{34}\text{Se}$

11) Isotopes are atoms that have the same number of _____ but differing number of _____. 11) _____

- A) protons, neutrons
- B) protons, electrons
- C) neutrons, electrons
- D) neutrons, protons
- E) electrons, protons

12) The nucleus of an atom does not contain _____. 12) _____

- A) neutrons
- B) protons
- C) subatomic particles
- D) electrons
- E) protons or neutrons

13) The nucleus of an atom contains _____. 13) _____

- A) protons
- B) protons, neutrons, and electrons
- C) electrons
- D) protons and neutrons
- E) neutrons

14) Different isotopes of a particular element contain the same number of _____. 14) _____

- A) protons and neutrons
- B) protons, neutrons, and electrons
- C) subatomic particles
- D) protons
- E) neutrons

15) In the symbol shown below, $x =$ _____.



- A) 12
- B) 7
- C) 6
- D) 13
- E) not enough information to determine

15) _____

16) In the symbol below, $X =$ _____.



- A) C
- B) K
- C) N
- D) Al
- E) not enough information to determine

16) _____

17) The atomic mass unit is presently based on assigning an exact integral mass (in amu) to an isotope of _____.

- A) carbon
- B) helium
- C) hydrogen
- D) oxygen
- E) sodium

17) _____

18) The element X has three naturally occurring isotopes. The isotopic masses (amu) and % abundances of the isotopes are given in the table below. The average atomic mass of the element is _____ amu.

Isotope	Abundance	Mass
${}^{53}\text{X}$	19.61	52.62
${}^{56}\text{X}$	53.91	56.29
${}^{58}\text{X}$	26.48	58.31

- A) 57.23
- B) 33.33
- C) 56.11
- D) 56.29
- E) 55.74

18) _____

19) The element X has three naturally occurring isotopes. The masses (amu) and % abundances of the isotopes are given in the table below. The average atomic mass of the element is _____ amu.

Isotope	Abundance (%)	Mass (amu)
${}^{15}\text{X}$	28.60	15.33
${}^{17}\text{X}$	13.30	17.26
${}^{16}\text{X}$	58.10	18.11

- A) 17.11
- B) 16.90
- C) 16.90
- D) 17.20
- E) 17.65

19) _____

20) An unknown element is found to have three naturally occurring isotopes with atomic masses of 35.9675 (0.337%), 37.9627 (0.063%), and 39.9624 (99.600%). Which of the following is the unknown element?

- A) K
- B) Ar
- C) Ca
- D) Cl
- E) None of the above could be the unknown element.

20) _____

- 21) Which pair of elements would you expect to exhibit the greatest similarity in their physical and chemical properties? 21) _____
A) H, Li B) C, O C) Ga, Ge D) Ca, Sr E) Cs, Ba
- 22) Which pair of elements would you expect to exhibit the greatest similarity in their physical and chemical properties? 22) _____
A) Mg, Al B) As, Br C) Br, Kr D) N, O E) I, At
- 23) Which pair of elements below should be the most similar in chemical properties? 23) _____
A) Cs and He B) C and O C) K and Kr D) I and Br E) B and As
- 24) An element that appears in the lower left corner of the periodic table is _____. 24) _____
A) either a metal or metalloid
B) definitely a metal
C) definitely a metalloid
D) either a metalloid or a non-metal
E) definitely a non-metal
- 25) Which one of the following does not occur as diatomic molecules in elemental form? 25) _____
A) nitrogen B) hydrogen C) oxygen D) sulfur E) bromine
- 26) Which compounds do not have the same empirical formula? 26) _____
A) $C_2H_4O_2$, $C_6H_{12}O_6$
B) C_2H_4 , C_3H_6
C) $C_2H_5COOCH_3$, CH_3CHO
D) C_2H_2 , C_6H_6
E) CO, CO_2
- 27) An empirical formula always indicates _____. 27) _____
A) the simplest whole-number ratio of different atoms in a compound
B) how many of each atom are in a molecule
C) the geometry of a molecule
D) which atoms are attached to which in a molecule
E) the isotope of each element in a compound
- 28) Formulas that show how atoms are attached in a molecule are called _____. 28) _____
A) empirical formulas
B) structural formulas
C) ionic formulas
D) molecular formulas
E) diatomic formulas
- 29) Which one of the following is most likely to lose electrons when forming an ion? 29) _____
A) N B) F C) P D) Rh E) S
- 30) Which species has 18 electrons? 30) _____
A) $27Al^{+3}$ B) $64Cu^{+2}$ C) $39K$ D) $35Cl$ E) $32S^{-2}$

- 31) There are _____ protons, _____ neutrons, and _____ electrons in $^{131}\text{I}^-$. 31) _____
 A) 53, 131, and 52
 B) 131, 53, and 52
 C) 53, 78, and 54
 D) 131, 53, and 54
 E) 78, 53, and 72
- 32) Which of the following compounds would you expect to be ionic? 32) _____
 A) CaO B) SF_6 C) H_2O D) NH_3 E) H_2O_2
- 33) Which pair of elements is most apt to form a molecular compound with each other? 33) _____
 A) sulfur, fluorine
 B) aluminum, oxygen
 C) potassium, lithium
 D) barium, bromine
 E) magnesium, iodine
- 34) Which species below is the sulfite ion? 34) _____
 A) SO_2^{-2} B) SO_3^{-2} C) SO_4^{-2} D) HS^- E) S^{2-}
- 35) Which species below is the nitrite ion? 35) _____
 A) NO_2^- B) NH_4^+ C) N_3^- D) N^{3-} E) NO_3^-
- 36) The formula for a salt is XBr . The X-ion in this salt has 46 electrons. The metal X is _____. 36) _____
 A) Cd B) Cs C) Pd D) Cu E) Ag
- 37) The charge on the copper ion in the salt CuO is _____. 37) _____
 A) -1 B) -2 C) +2 D) +3 E) +1
- 38) Which formula/name pair is incorrect? 38) _____
 A) $\text{Mg}(\text{MnO}_4)_2$ magnesium permanganate
 B) $\text{Mn}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ manganese(II) nitrate
 C) $\text{Mn}(\text{NO}_2)_2$ manganese(II) nitrite
 D) Mg_3N_2 magnesium nitrite
 E) $\text{Mg}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ magnesium nitrate
- 39) Which one of the following is the formula of hydrochloric acid? 39) _____
 A) HClO_2 B) HClO C) HCl D) HClO_3 E) HClO_4
- 40) Which one of the following compounds is chromium(III) oxide? 40) _____
 A) CrO_3 B) Cr_2O_3 C) Cr_2O_4 D) Cr_3O_2 E) Cr_3O

- 41) The correct name for MgF_2 is _____. 41) _____
A) magnesium difluoride
B) monomagnesium difluoride
C) manganese difluoride
D) manganese bifluoride
E) magnesium fluoride
- 42) A correct name for $\text{Fe}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ is _____. 42) _____
A) iron nitrite
B) ferric nitrite
C) ferrous nitrate
D) ferrous nitrite
E) ferric nitrate
- 43) The proper formula for the hydronium ion is _____. 43) _____
A) H_3O^+ B) OH^- C) N^{-3} D) H^- E) NH_4^+
- 44) Which one of the following polyatomic ions has the same charge as the hydroxide ion? 44) _____
A) ammonium
B) carbonate
C) sulfate
D) nitrate
E) phosphate
- 45) Which element forms an ion with the same charge as the sulfate ion? 45) _____
A) copper
B) oxygen
C) magnesium
D) iron
E) phosphorus
- 46) The formula for the compound formed between aluminum ions and phosphate ions is _____. 46) _____
A) $\text{Al}(\text{PO}_4)_3$ B) AlP C) $\text{Al}_3(\text{PO}_4)_3$ D) AlPO_4 E) $\text{Al}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$
- 47) Which metal forms cations of differing charges? 47) _____
A) Sn B) K C) Al D) Cs E) Ba
- 48) The correct name for Na_2O_2 is _____. 48) _____
A) sodium dioxide
B) sodium peroxide
C) disodium dioxide
D) disodium oxide
E) sodium oxide
- 49) What is the molecular formula for 1-propanol? 49) _____
A) CH_3OH B) $\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{OH}$ C) $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$ D) $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{11}\text{OH}$ E) $\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{OH}$