**Psychology 2301- Exam Three Review/Chapter 10 and 11**

1. What are the three stages in prenatal development?
2. When does the germinal period occur?
3. What are the symptoms of fetal alcohol syndrome?
4. What is separation anxiety?
5. Know the differences between types of attachment.
6. Trust vs. Mistrust
7. Autonomy vs. Shame and Doubt
8. Industry vs. Inferiority
9. What stage does object permanence occur?
10. At what stage do children understand conservation?
11. At what stage do children think in terms of hypothetical possibilities?
12. What is irreversibility?
13. Kohlberg believed moral development is developed by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ development.
14. In the preconventional stage of moral development, reasoning is based on what beliefs?
15. Right or Wrong moral reasoning during conventional thinking is based on what?
16. Individuals who use a code of ethics to guide their moral reasoning are in what stage in Kohlberg’s theory?
17. What is the crisis during adolescence? (Erikson’s theory)
18. Generativity v. Stagnation (Self-absorption)
19. Integrity vs. Despair
20. Gender roles can be defined as………….
21. Know what the difference is between humanistic psychology, behavioral psychology and psychoanalytic psychology.
22. OCEAN
23. What is the Id and the pleasure principle?
24. What is the Ego and the reality principle?
25. What is the superego?
26. What is the difference between the id and the ego?
27. What are defense mechanisms?
28. What is rationalization?
29. What is repression?
30. What is projection?
31. What is displacement?
32. What is regression?
33. What is fixation according to Freud’s psychosexual theory?
34. What are the stages in Freud’s theory?
35. What may happen later in life if there is fixation at the oral stage?
36. What important developmental stage occurs during the anal stage?
37. What happens during the phallic stage between parent and child?
38. When is sexuality suppressed (stage) in Freud’s theory?
39. What happens to sexual energy during the genital stage?
40. What is rationalization?
41. What theorist believed that personality results from reinforcement and observational learning?
42. What is self-efficacy?
43. According to Mischel, what is a major factor that predicts human behavior?
44. Mischel would explain an individual’s behavior by focusing on what?
45. Humanistic personality theories focus on what?
46. What is self-concept?
47. What is the difference between unconditional and conditional love (Carl Rogers)?
48. Maslow would describe individuals who have healthy personalities as what (hierarchy of needs)?
49. What is the difference between self-report inventories and projection personality tests?
50. What is the Rorschach and the TAT?