

HOUSTON COMMUNITY COLLEGE SOUTHWEST COURSE OUTLINE FOR CHEM 2425 – ORGANIC CHEMISTRY II Summer 2014, Second 8 Weeks Class Number 12494

Discipline/Program	CHEMISTRY
Course Level	Second Year (Sophomore)
Course Title	Organic Chemistry II
Course Rubric and Number	CHEM 2425
Semester with Course	Summer 2014, Second 8 Week Session
Reference Number (CRN)	CRN 12494
Course Location/Times	Stafford Scarcella Center, 10141 Cash Road
Course Location, Times	Tuesday Room S109 (lab) 5:30 – 9:30 PM
	Wednesday Room W121 (lecture) 5:30 – 9:30 PM
	Thursday Room W121 (lecture) 5:30 – 9:30 PM
Course Semester Credit Hours	4 (3 lecture, 3 lab)
(SCH) (lecture, lab)	4 (3 feetale, 3 las)
Total Course Contact Hours	96
Course Length (number of	8
weeks)	
Type of Instruction	In-person
Instructor contact information	Dr. Steven E. Dessens
(phone number and email	Office Phone: 713-718-6710
address)	E-mail: steven.dessens@hccs.edu
address,	Learning Web: http://learning.hccs.edu/faculty/steven.dessens
Office Location and Hours	Room S107 Stafford Scarcella building, Friday 1:00-4:00 or by arrangement.
Course Description: ACGM or	Study of the properties and behavior of hydrocarbon compounds and their derivatives.
WECM	Designed for students in science or pre-professional programs.
Course Description: HCC	Continuation of CHEM 2423. Topics include aromaticity, benzene and EAS reactions,
Catalog Description	aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and their derivatives, condensation reactions, amines,
	phenols, and infrared and NMR spectroscopy. Core Curriculum Course.
Course Prerequisite(s)	CHEM 2423, Must be placed into college-level reading and be placed into MATH 1314 (or
,	higher) and be placed into college-level writing.
Academic Discipline Program	1. Demonstrate a basic mastery of chemistry by writing formulas and equations for chemical
Learning Outcomes	reactions, performing chemical calculations, and recognizing the application of chemistry
	in our daily lives.
	2. Demonstrate a mastery of introductory and intermediate level chemistry to promote
	success in higher level chemistry and other science programs at four-year universities.
	3. Demonstrate a mastery of General and Organic Chemistry in preparation for professional
	programs such as Medicine, Dentistry, and Pharmacy.
	4. Conduct laboratory experiments by making measurements, performing chemical
	reactions, and analyzing the results in a group or individual setting.
Course Student Learning	Compare and contrast the structures, properties, and reactions of aromatic
Outcomes (SLO)	compounds, carbonyl compounds (aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids, acyl halides,
	anhydrides, esters, amides), and amines.
	2. Design syntheses for organic compounds and write mechanisms for the reactions.
	3. Perform laboratory synthesis, purification, and characterization of organic compounds
Learning Chiestines	studied in the course. 1.1. Determine the aromaticity of aromatic hydrocarbons and benzene derivatives using
Learning Objectives (Numbering system linked to	Hückel 4n + 2 Rule. Explain Electrophilic Aromatic Substitution (EAS) reactions of
SLO)	aromatic rings such as benzene and its derivatives.
320)	1.2. Identify conjugation in organic compounds and the reactions of conjugated dienes
	using Diels alder reaction.
	using Diels aluci Teaction.

	 1.3. Review nomenclature of alcohols and phenols and reactions based on acidity and basicity properties. 1.4. Review nomenclature of ether, thiols, and sulfides and reactions based on acidity cleavage and Claisen rearrangement. 1.5. Explain nomenclature, preparations, and nucleophilic addition reactions of ketones and aldehydes by the method of Grignard, Witting, and Wolff-Krishner reactions. 1.6. Explain nomenclature, preparations, and properties of carboxylic acids and derivatives including alpha substitutions. 1.7. Explain Aldol condensation, Claisen condensation reaction, and mixed Claisen condensations reactions and mechanisms. 1.8. Review nomenclature of amines and their derivatives and reactions based on basicity properties. Contrast the reactivity of arylamines and aliphatic amines. 2.1. Students should be able write mechanisms of electrophilic addition reactions to alkenes and conjugated dienes, EAS, conversion of alcohols to alkyl halides and alkenes, cleavage reactions of ethers, nucleophilic addition reactions of aldehydes and ketones, reactions of carboxylic acid derivatives, carbonyl alpha substitution and condensation reactions, and reactions of amines with carbonyl compounds. 3.1. Determine the molecular structure of organic compounds using interpretation of 					
	-		I data such as GC-MS, IR, UV-VIS, and NMR (proton and carbon) or with actual			
			entation at campuses with analytical equipment. I laboratory synthesis and characterization of a the product of a Diels-Alder			
	re	action	n, perform an EAS reaction such as nitration of methyl benzoate, perform			
			ns of alcohols and identify an unknown alcohol as primary, secondary, or , perform similar tests to identify an unknown aldehyde or ketone, perform			
		-	al tests on carboxylic acids and amines to study their properties and classify			
			nown amine as primary, secondary, or tertiary.			
SCANS and/or Core Curriculum	Critical	Think	king, Communication Skills, Empirical & Quantitative Reasoning, and Teamwork			
Competencies	Critical	IIIIIIN	ang, communication skins, Empirical & Quantitative Reasoning, and Teamwork			
Course Calendar			Weekly Schedule			
	June	3	Chapter 12 – Structure Determination: Infrared (IR) Spectroscopy			
			Chapter 13 – Structure Determination: Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR)			
			Spectroscopy (Handouts from Dessens LW Page)			
	June	4	EXPERIMENT 1 – IR and NMR Spectroscopy. Exercises in Molecular			
	lum s	-	Spectroscopy (Lab Handout from Pahlavan Web Page)			
	June	5	Chapter 14 – Conjugated Compounds and Ultraviolet Spectroscopy			
	June	10	EXPERIMENT 2 – The Diels-Alder Reaction:			
			Preparation of Endo-Norbornene-5,6-cis-Dicarboxylic Anhydride			
	June	11	Chapter 15 – Benzene and Aromaticity			
	June	12	Chapter 16 – Chemistry of Benzene: Electrophilic Aromatic Substitution (EAS)			
	June	17	EXPERIMENT 3 – Nitration of Aromatic Compounds:			
			Preparation of Methyl m-Nitrobenzoate			
	June	18	Chapter 17 – Alcohols and Phenols			
	<u>June</u>	19	EXAM 1 – Chapters 12–16			

	June	24	EXPERIMENT 4 – Properties of Alcohols				
	June	25	Chapter 18 – Ethers and Epoxides; Thiols and Sulfides				
	June	26	Chapter 19 – Aldehydes and Ketones: Nucleophilic Addition Reactions				
	July	1	EXPERIMENT 6 – Identification of Aldehydes and Ketones				
	July	2	Chapter 20 – Carboxylic Acids and Nitriles				
	July	3	EXAM 2 – Chapters 17–19				
	July	7	(Monday) Last Day for Withdrawals (for a grade of W) Last Day for Withdrawals (for a grade of W)				
	July	8	Chapter 21 – Carboxylic Acid Derivatives:				
			Nucleophilic Acyl Substitution Reactions				
	July	9	Chapter 22 – Carbonyl Alpha-Substitution Reactions				
	July	10	Chapter 23 – Carbonyl Condensation Reactions				
	July	15	EXPERIMENT 7 – Aldol Condensation. Synthesis of Dibenzalacetone EXPERIMENT 8 – Carboxylic Acid Reactions and Derivatives				
	July	16	Begin Chapter 24 – Amines and Heterocycles				
	July	17					
	July	22	Chapter 24				
	July	23	Review for Final				
	July	24					
Instructional Methods	Standa	rd cla	ss lectures using the whiteboard with occasional use of PowerPoints.				
Student Assignments	Outsid	e of la	boratory reports, special assignments are not given. I will recommend practice				
Student Assignments	problems but these are not graded. Practice problems, such as those at the end of the						
	-	e highly beneficial to learning chemistry. The McMurry organic textbook has "in					
	text" problems within the chapters with answers provided at the end of the textbo						
	Answers to the end of chapter problems are in the study guide. Practice problems can als be found on my Learning Web site. It is helpful to have a spiral leaf notebook just for						
			mistry problems. That will keep your work more organized and you (or I) can				
		more easily review your work.					
Student Assessment(s)			core is based on the following:				
		Three regular exams 55%Laboratory 20%					
		nal Exa	•				
		Overall Score = 0.55(Average of three regular exams) + 0.20(Laboratory grade) +					
	0.25(Fi	inal Ex	am)				

Instructor's Requirements Laboratory Policy Lab safety will be reviewed before the first lab. Each student will then sign a statement affirming his or her commitment to following safe procedures in the laboratory, and turn the form in to the instructor. Be especially aware of the need for adequate eye protection and proper dress in the laboratory. • Safety glasses or goggles must be worn at all times during the laboratory period. • No food or drinks are allowed in the lab. • Open-toed shoes and/or shorts should not be worn in the lab. • Admission to the lab may be denied for violation of any of these rules. Normally, experiments will be performed in groups of two to three students. You should arrive at the lab on time with your lab handout. After you have finished the experiment, show me your results for me to examine briefly, and I will initial ("S.D.") your lab report before you leave. Laboratory reports are due on the next lab day. Each report must be done individually; "group reports" and lab reports from different individuals with identical wording are not acceptable! See the accompanying handout which outlines the format of the lab report. Each report will be graded on a 20 point basis. You should come to lab prepared. Read through the experiment and answer the pre-lab questions beforehand. Keep a bound laboratory notebook (clothbound is standard; spiral is acceptable). This is for you to record your "on the spot" observations, changes to procedure, etc., and general data. The actual report is done separately. Makeup policy for missed labs: None! **Exams and Make-up Policy** Examinations will consist of three non-cumulative regular exams plus a comprehensive final. Make-up exams will not normally be given, so make every effort to take the exams on their scheduled dates. In the event that you must miss a regular exam, I will count the grade made on the final exam as the grade for the missed exam (for one missed exam only), and calculate the final course grade accordingly. If you do not miss any of the regular exams, I will replace your lowest exam score with your final exam score if the final exam grade is higher. This is intended to provide you a "second chance" if you do not do well on a particular exam. Remember that the final exam will be comprehensive (meaning that it will cover all of the material from the whole semester, not just the last part). Please note that all students are required to take the final (no student can be exempted). At the program level, the Chemistry Discipline strives to accomplish the Program Learning Outcomes, Program/Discipline Student Learning Outcomes, and Learning Objectives as described above. We desire that you receive Requirements a challenging and rewarding experience in your chemistry classes at HCC which will prepare you well for future chemistry and related science courses that you may take in the future. A = 100 – 90;.....4 points per semester hour **HCC Grading Scale** C = 79 – 70:2 points per semester hour 59 and below = F...... points per semester hour IP (In Progress)0 points per semester hour W(Withdrawn)......0 points per semester hour AUD (Audit)0 points per semester hour IP (In Progress) is given only in certain developmental courses. The student must re-enroll to receive credit. COM (Completed) is given in non-credit and continuing education courses. To compute grade point average (GPA), divide the total grade points by the total number of semester hours attempted. The grades "IP," "COM" and "I" do not affect GPA. See the above descriptions of the lab, exams, and final. The course grade is based on these **Instructor Grading Criteria** four criteria according to the Assessment section above.

Instructional Materials

Textbook



Organic Chemistry, 8th Edition, by John E. McMurry

Cengage Learning 2011

Custom HCC Softcover 8th Edition, Volume II, Chapters 12-24

ISBN-13: 978-1-133-06742-9

Laboratory Manual

Provided as handouts at http://swc2.hccs.edu/pahlavan.

Optional Study Guide and Solutions Manual



Study Guide with Student Solutions Manual, by John E. McMurry

Cengage Learning 2011

Custom HCC Softcover 8th Edition, Volume II, Chapters 12-24

ISBN-13: 978-1-133-06729-0

HCC Policy Statement: ADA Academic Honesty Student attendance 3-peaters Withdrawal deadline Access Student Services and other information at: http://www.hccs.edu/district/students/

Disability Support Services (DSS)

"Any student with a documented disability (e.g. physical, learning, psychiatric, vision, hearing, etc.) who needs to arrange reasonable accommodations must contact the Disability Services Office at the respective college at the beginning of each semester. Faculty are authorized to provide only the accommodations requested by the Disability Support Services Office." If you have any special needs or disabilities which may affect your ability to succeed in college classes or participate in any college programs or activities, please contact the DSS office for assistance. At Southwest College, contact Dr. Becky Hauri, 713-718-7909. More information is posted at the Southwest College Counseling webpage at http://learning.hccs.edu/programs/counseling/southwest.

Academic Honesty

"Students are responsible for conducting themselves with honor and integrity in fulfilling course requirements. Disciplinary proceedings may be initiated by the college system against a student accused of scholastic dishonesty. Penalties can include a grade of "0" or "F" on the particular assignment, failure in the course, academic probation, or even dismissal from the college. Scholastic dishonesty includes, but is not limited to, cheating on a test, plagiarism, and collusion." Use of <u>cell phones</u> during exams will result in a <u>zero</u> on the exam!

Attendance Policy

The HCCS attendance policy is stated as follows: "Students are expected to attend classes regularly. Students are responsible for materials covered during their absences, and it is the student's responsibility to consult with instructors for make-up assignments. Class attendance is checked daily by instructors. Although it is the responsibility of the student to drop a course for non-attendance, the instructor has full authority to drop a student for excessive absences. A student may be dropped from a course for excessive absences after the student has accumulated absences in excess of 12.5% of the hours of instruction (including lecture and laboratory time)."

If circumstances significantly prevent you from attending classes, please inform me. I realize that sometimes outside circumstances can interfere with school, and I will try to be as accommodating as possible, but please be aware of the attendance policy.

	Policy Regarding Multiple Repeats of a Course
	"NOTICE: Students who repeat a course three or more times may soon face significant tuition/fee increases at HCC and other Texas public colleges and universities. If you are considering course withdrawal because you are not earning passing grades, confer with your instructor/counselor as early as possible about your study habits, reading and writing homework, test-taking skills, attendance, course participation, and opportunities for tutoring or other assistance that might be available."
	Last Day for Administrative and Student Withdrawals For 2 nd 8-week Summer 2014 classes, this date is July 7. I urge any student who is contemplating withdrawing from the class to see me first! You may be doing better than you think. Either way, I want to be accessible and supportive. I do not believe in "weed out" classes, and I consider you to be much more than just a name or number! Note my office hours above; if you need assistance, I'm here to help.
	Policy Regarding Withdrawals Students desiring to withdraw from a class must do so by the above withdrawal date by filling out a withdrawal form at the registrar's office. After this date, instructors can no longer enter a grade of "W" for the course for any reason.
Distance Education and/or Continuing Education Policies	Access DE Policies on their Web site:
Continuing Education Policies	http://de.hccs.edu/student-services/ Access CE information on their Web site: http://www.hccs.edu/continuing-education/
Test Bank	Extra practice problems by chapter, sample exams, and sample finals may be found at the following web sites: http://learning.hccs.edu/faculty/steven.dessens http://swc2.hccs.edu/pahlavan McMurry Companion Website (6 th Edition)
Scoring Rubrics	Regular exams and the final will consist of multiple-choice and show-work questions. These are graded in the standard manner. The regular exams will include extra questions for extra credit, for a total possible score of about 105 to 110 points. The lab reports are graded on the basis of completeness, neatness, and the correctness of the calculations tied to the experimental result. The pre- and post-lab questions are also
	checked. Each report is graded on a 20 point basis.
Sample Assignments	N/A
Sample Instructional Methods/Activities	See the PowerPoints at my Learning Web site for an overview of the content of each chapter: http://learning.hccs.edu/faculty/steven.dessens

Important Dates

June	1	Sunday	Last Day for Drop/Add/Swap
June	2	Monday	Classes Begin (2 nd 8-Week Summer Term)
July	7	Monday	Last Day for Administrative/ Student Withdrawals with a grade of "W"
			After the withdrawal date no W can be given,
			you must receive a regular grade (A-F) in the course.
July	22	Tuesday	Instruction Ends
July	24	Thursday	Final Exam (No deviation from the printed schedule is permitted.)
Aug	1	Friday	Grades Available to Students

Other Information

Free chemistry tutoring is available. A tutoring schedule will be posted in the classroom and lab and will also be placed on my web site at http://learning.hccs.edu/faculty/steven.dessens/chemistry resources/tutoring-schedules.

AskOnline In addition to "face to face" tutoring, HCC also offers online tutoring from AskOnline. It is also free and is available for chemistry and many other subjects. The login page is at http://www.hccs.askonline.net.

There are also many interesting chemistry resources on the Internet which can be found by using keyword searches. But your best immediate source of information is your *textbook* - make thorough use of it!

The publisher of the McMurry 6^{th} Edition textbook has a useful online companion site with chapter practice quizzes <u>here</u>. The 7^{th} Edition companion site is <u>here</u> but now requires a paid account in order to access it.

If you purchase a new textbook from an HCC bookstore, it will contain an OWL (Online Web Learning) passcode from Cengage, the publisher of your textbook.

- OWL home page: http://www.cengage.com/owl/index.html
- OWL login page: https://owl.cengage.com/owl-c/user/loginpage.cgi?Server=owl-

houstonccsouthwestmcmurry8e&UserType=Student.

Evaluation for Greater Learning Student Survey System (EGLS₃)

"At Houston Community College, professors believe that thoughtful student feedback is necessary to improve teaching and learning. During a designated time, you will be asked to answer a short online survey of research-based questions related to instruction. The anonymous results of the survey will be made available to your professors and division chairs for continual improvement of instruction. Look for the survey as part of the Houston Community College Student System online near the end of the term." http://www.hccs.edu/EGLS3

New Meningitis Vaccination Requirement

Texas Senate Bill 1107 passed in May 2011, requires that new HCC students and former HCC students returning after an absence of at least one fall or spring semester who are under the age of 30 are required to present a physician-signed certificate showing they have been vaccinated against bacterial meningitis. The immunization must be administered at least 10 calendar days before the start date of your classes and must have been received within the last five years.

http://www.hccs.edu/continuing-education/students/apply/meningitis/

Additional Comments...

Mastering organic chemistry takes time! In my experience, the number one hindrance to doing well is lack of adequate and quality time to study outside of the classroom. Of course, you must also have a reasonable grasp of the principles you learned in General Chemistry. Remember the old adage, "For every hour of classroom time you should allow for two hours of study time at home," for it is true. A heavy class and/or work load does not leave much quality study time! By "quality" time I mean periods in which you can study undisturbed, when you are still wide-awake and alert. Pace yourself - overloading yourself trying to meet an application deadline is a recipe for disaster! Always feel free to ask me anything about the material, no matter how trivial the question may seem. Trying (!) to answer those "simple" questions often leads to a much greater understanding (or to at least a greater appreciation!) of the subject.

Take care of the little things, and the big things will take care of themselves. -- C. Sense If you can't simplify it, you don't know what the !\$#* you're talking about!! -- A. Einstein (so I was told)

Organic chemistry is a vast field. Practically all of the substances we take for granted around us (and in us!), are composed of compounds of carbon. We continue our exploration of this very large subject in this class. I look forward to working with you this summer!

Steve DessensJune 2014

Format of Laboratory Report

Your laboratory report should be divided into the following sections:

I. Introduction

A brief statement of the purpose of the experiment. This is also a good place to show relevant structures and chemical equations.

II. Experimental Procedure

A statement of the experimental procedure. Be particular about reporting the amounts of materials used and any modifications made to the original procedure.

III. Results and Discussion

<u>This section is the most important</u>. Include observations such as appearance of the reaction, color of product, etc. If the experiment was a preparative one, you should also report your percent yield:

$$\frac{\text{actual yield (in grams)}}{\text{theoretical yield (in grams)}} \times 100\% = \text{percent yield}$$

Show all of your calculations! Graphs should be done on graph paper.

Note: The lab handouts contain a "Data Report Sheet" for each experiment. You should record your results here and include this sheet with your report. The discussion part comes from you! Were your results what you expected? If, not, can you suggest reasons why not? If you took a melting point of a compound you synthesized, what is the true, or "literature" melting point? How well does your melting point compare? What does your melting point indicate about the purity of your compound? Assume that your reader is not entirely familiar with the experiment, so you need to explain clearly.

IV. Conclusions

The Conclusion section consists of your overall evaluation of your results. This is a good place to mention any modifications to the procedure which you feel would improve the outcome of the experiment.

V. Answers to Exercises

Exercises appear at the end of each experiment in the laboratory handouts. They consist of "pre-lab" questions, which should be done before the laboratory period, and "post-lab" questions to be answered after the experiment.

You should write your report **in ink**, or type it, using **one side** of the paper only. If you write your report by hand (which is perfectly OK as long as it is neat and legible), use <u>lined paper</u> (<u>not</u> torn out of a spiral notebook!). **Always** use **complete sentences**. Try your best to avoid spelling and grammatical errors. Write your report in **impersonal form**. The words "I" or "we" should **not** appear in your report. The following examples show some incorrect phrases and how they can be revised to avoid the personal form:

☼ INCORRECT: I added 10 g of NaCl to ...

© CORRECT: Ten grams of NaCl were added to ...

⊗ INCORRECT: You told me that ...

© CORRECT: The instructor indicated that ...

INCORRECT: We determined that ...CORRECT: It was determined that ...

This style of writing may seem awkward sometimes, but this is the proper form for writing reports. You will find it used extensively in articles and research papers in the scientific literature.