The emergence of the Democrats & the War of Extermination against Indigenous Peoples

1824 - 1840

Expansion of the franchise

▶1820-1840: FRANCHISE EXPANDED

>VOTING BY VOICE, PROPERTY QUALIFICATIONS REPEALED

>80% OF WHITE EURO – AMERICAN ADULT MALES GO TO THE POLLS

>1830S: TWO-PARTY SYSTEM ESTABLISHED WITH DISTINCT IDEOLOGIES AND APPEALS

Expansion of voting Rights

- >ALL MALE EURO AMERICAN WHITE ADULTS CAN VOTE AFTER 1840S
 - >POLLS OPEN IN MORE CONVENIENT LOCATIONS, VOTING BY VOICE ELIMINATED.
- NOW COLOR BALLOTS INTRODUCED, TRUE "SECRET" BALLOTS NOT INTRODUCED UNTIL 1880S.
 - >IMMIGRANTS NOW PERMITTED TO VOTE PROVIDED THEY DECLARED THEIR INTENTIONS TO BECOME CITIZENS.
 - >WOMEN AND AFRICAN AMERICANS STILL NOT ALLOWED TO VOTE.
 - NEW JERSEY REPEALS EARLY REPUBLIC ERADECISION TO ALLOW ALL CITIZENS TO VOTE.
- >1858: FREE AFRICAN AMERICANS ARE ALLOWED TO VOTE IN NEW HAMPSHIRE, MAINE, MASSACHUSETTS

 AND VERMONT.

Birth of the Second Party System

►IRONICALLY, DESPITE THE COMPLETE DISINTEGRATION OF THE FEDERALIST PARTY, THE LACK OF OPPOSITION CAUSES REPUBLICAN PARTY TO SPLIT.

CAUSES OF THE SECOND PARTY SYSTEM:

▶1. PANIC OF 1819

>2. MISSOURI CRISIS OF 1820

>3. SELECTION OF PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES
FOR 1824

Presidency of John Quincy Adams



- >ANGERS SOUTHERNERS WITH HIGH TARIFF
- >ANGERS ANTI-NATIVE AMERICAN GROUPS
 - **"TARIFF OF ABOMINATIONS"**
 - TARIFF OF 1828
 - >THEORY OF NULLIFICATION
 - >ELECTION OF 1828: ONE OF THE MOST BITTER IN THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

The Jacksonian Era



>"DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICANISM"

>SPOILS SYSTEM

>ONLY 20% OF ALL FEDERAL EMPLOYEES REMOVED DURING THE ADMINISTRATION OF JACKSON; HE DID NOT ORIGINATE THE SPOILS SYSTEM, IT WAS ALREADY IN PRACTICE WHEN HE CAME TO OFFICE.

Clearing the lands of Indigenous Peoples (Native Americans)

►1828: CHEROKEE, CHOCTAW, CHICKASAW AND CREEKS HELD MILLIONS OF ACRES OF LAND IN WHAT WOULD BECOME THE COTTON KINGDOMS OF GEORGIA, ALABAMA AND MISSISSIPPI.

THE KEY QUESTION IS WHETHER NATIVE AMERICANS WILL BE ALLOWED TO BLOCK EUROPEAN SETTLERS OR WHETHER THE US FEDERAL GOVERNMENT WOULD HONOR PREVIOUS TREATIES WITH THE NATIVE AMERICAN CONFEDERACIES.

The road to expulsion & extermination

▶1820S: CHEROKEE NATIVE AMERICANS

>SEQUOYAH, LEADER OF THE CHEROKEES DEVELOPS WRITTEN ALPHABET

>BUILD ROADS, PRINTING PRESSES, AND ADOPT CONSTITUTION

>HOWEVER, JACKSON WANTS FORCED REMOVAL OF CHEROKEES, ESPECIALLY AFTER GOLD IS DISCOVERED ON CHEROKEE LANDS.

>CHEROKEES SUE IN FEDERAL COURT

>CHEROKEE NATION V. GEORGIA (1831)

►WORCESTER V. GEORGIA (1832)

"Removal" of Indigenous Peoples

>1831: CHOCTAW FORCED TO WALK SO-CALLED "TRAIL OF TEARS" WESTWARD.

>1836: OVER 4000 CREEKS DIE FROM A SIMILAR FATE.

>1838: CHEROKEES FORCED OUT FROM THEIR RIGHTFUL LANDS BY FEDERAL ARMY, OVER 5000 DIE.

>FLORIDA: US ARMY SPENDS \$20 MILLION DEFEATING SEMINOLES.

>ANDREW JACKSON'S TREATMENT OF INDIGENOUS PEOPLES IS BOTH TEMPLATE FOR GENOCIDE AND RACISM OF "SOCIAL DARWINIST" MODEL

Increasing sectional crises

>TARIFF OF 1832

FORCE ACT

NULLIFICATION

SOUTH CAROLINA IS ALONE ON STATES' RIGHTS ISSUE.

>FEDERAL TARIFF ISSUE IS A WAY OF DEBATING STATES' RIGHTS WITHOUT DEBATING SLAVERY

Banks & the Jacksonian Court

▶1836: SPECIE CIRCULAR

PANIC OF 1837

>CHARLES RIVER BRIDGE V. WARREN BRIDGE (1828)

>RISE OF POLITICAL OPPOSITION

>1834: WHIG PARTY: NATIONAL REPUBLICANS, ANTI-MASONS, DISAFFECTED DEMOCRATS

>1836: VAN BUREN WINS PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

▶1840: WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON

>SUCCESSOR: JOHN TYLER

>OPPOSITION TO THEIR OWN PRESIDENT MAKES WHIGS A STRONG OPPOSITION PARTY